**Objectives**

1. Explain the need and benefit of ORM
   1. ORM (Object-Relational Mapping), makes it easier to develop code that interacts with database, abstracts the database system, transactionality
      1. ORM Pros and Cons - https://blog.bitsrc.io/what-is-an-orm-and-why-you-should-use-it-b2b6f75f5e2a
      2. What is ORM? - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Object-relational\_mapping
2. Demonstrate the need and benefit of Spring Data JPA
   1. Evolution of ORM solutions, Hibernate XML Configuration, Hibernate Annotation Configuration, Spring Data JPA, Hibernate benefits, open source, light weight, database independent query
      1. With H2 in memory database - https://www.mkyong.com/spring-boot/spring-boot-spring-data-jpa/
      2. With MySQL - https://www.mkyong.com/spring-boot/spring-boot-spring-data-jpa-mysql-example/
      3. XML Configuration Example -https://www.tutorialspoint.com/hibernate/hibernate\_examples.htm
      4. Hibernate Configuration Example -https://www.tutorialspoint.com/hibernate/hibernate\_annotations.htm
3. Explain about core objects of hibernate framework
   1. Session Factory, Session, Transaction Factory, Transaction, Connection Provider
      1. Hibernate Architecture Reference - https://www.tutorialspoint.com/hibernate/hibernate\_architecture.htm
4. Explain ORM implementation with Hibernate XML Configuration and Annotation Configuration
   1. XML Configuration - persistence class, mapping xml, configuration xml, loading hibernate configuration xml file; Annotation Configuration - persistence class, @Entity, @Table, @Id, @Column, hibernate configuration xml file Loading hibernate configuration and interacting with database get the session factory, open session, begin transaction, commit transaction, close session
      1. XML Configuration Example - https://www.tutorialspoint.com/hibernate/hibernate\_examples.htm
      2. Hibernate Configuration Example - https://www.tutorialspoint.com/hibernate/hibernate\_annotations.htm
5. Explain the difference between Java Persistence API, Hibernate and Spring Data JPA
   1. JPA (Java Persistence API), JPA is a specification (JSR 338), JPA does not have implementation, Hibernate is one of the implementation for JPA, Hibernate is a ORM tool, Spring Data JPA is an abstraction above Hibernate to remove boiler plate code when persisting data using Hibernate.
      1. Difference between Spring Data JPA and Hibernate - https://dzone.com/articles/what-is-the-difference-between-hibernate-and-sprin-1
      2. Intro to JPA - https://www.javaworld.com/article/3379043/what-is-jpa-introduction-to-the-java-persistence-api.html
6. Demonstrate implementation of DML using Spring Data JPA on a single database table
   1. Hibernate log configuration and ddl-auto configuration, JpaRepsitory.findById(), defining Query Methods, JpaRespository.save(), JpaRepository.deleteById()
      1. Spring Data JPA Ref Repository methods - https://docs.spring.io/spring-data/jpa/docs/2.2.0.RELEASE/reference/html/#repositories.core-concepts
      2. Query methods - https://docs.spring.io/spring-data/jpa/docs/2.2.0.RELEASE/reference/html/#repositories.query-methods

**Hands on 1**

**Spring Data JPA - Quick Example**   
  
**Software Pre-requisites**

* MySQL Server 8.0
* MySQL Workbench 8
* Eclipse IDE for Enterprise Java Developers 2019-03 R
* Maven 3.6.2

**Create a Eclipse Project using Spring Initializr**

* Go to <https://start.spring.io/>
* Change Group as “com.cognizant”
* Change Artifact Id as “orm-learn”
* In Options > Description enter "Demo project for Spring Data JPA and Hibernate"
* Click on menu and select "Spring Boot DevTools", "Spring Data JPA" and "MySQL Driver"
* Click Generate and download the project as zip
* Extract the zip in root folder to Eclipse Workspace
* Import the project in Eclipse "File > Import > Maven > Existing Maven Projects > Click Browse and select extracted folder > Finish"
* Create a new schema "ormlearn" in MySQL database. Execute the following commands to open MySQL client and create schema.

> mysql -u root -p

mysql> create schema ormlearn;

* In orm-learn Eclipse project, open src/main/resources/application.properties and include the below database and log configuration.

# Spring Framework and application log

logging.level.org.springframework=info

logging.level.com.cognizant=debug

# Hibernate logs for displaying executed SQL, input and output

logging.level.org.hibernate.SQL=trace

logging.level.org.hibernate.type.descriptor.sql=trace

# Log pattern

logging.pattern.console=%d{dd-MM-yy} %d{HH:mm:ss.SSS} %-20.20thread %5p %-25.25logger{25} %25M %4L %m%n

# Database configuration

spring.datasource.driver-class-name=com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver

spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/ormlearn

spring.datasource.username=root

spring.datasource.password=root

# Hibernate configuration

spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=validate

spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5Dialect

* Build the project using ‘mvn clean package -Dhttp.proxyHost=proxy.cognizant.com -Dhttp.proxyPort=6050 -Dhttps.proxyHost=proxy.cognizant.com -Dhttps.proxyPort=6050 -Dhttp.proxyUser=123456’ command in command line
* Include logs for verifying if main() method is called.

import org.slf4j.Logger;

import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;

private static final Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(OrmLearnApplication.class);

public static void main(String[] args) {

SpringApplication.run(OrmLearnApplication.class, args);

  LOGGER.info("Inside main");

}

* Execute the OrmLearnApplication and check in log if main method is called.

SME to walk through the following aspects related to the project created:

1. src/main/java - Folder with application code
2. src/main/resources - Folder for application configuration
3. src/test/java - Folder with code for testing the application
4. OrmLearnApplication.java - Walkthrough the main() method.
5. Purpose of @SpringBootApplication annotation
6. pom.xml
   1. Walkthrough all the configuration defined in XML file
   2. Open 'Dependency Hierarchy' and show the dependency tree.

**Country table creation**

* Create a new table country with columns for code and name. For sample, let us insert one country with values 'IN' and 'India' in this table.

create table country(co\_code varchar(2) primary key, co\_name varchar(50));

* Insert couple of records into the table

insert into country values ('IN', 'India');

insert into country values ('US', 'United States of America');

**Persistence Class - com.cognizant.orm-learn.model.Country**

* Open Eclipse with orm-learn project
* Create new package com.cognizant.orm-learn.model
* Create Country.java, then generate getters, setters and toString() methods.
* Include @Entity and @Table at class level
* Include @Column annotations in each getter method specifying the column name.

import javax.persistence.Column;

import javax.persistence.Entity;

import javax.persistence.Id;

import javax.persistence.Table;

@Entity

@Table(name="country")

public class Country {

  @Id

    @Column(name="code")

    private String code;

    @Column(name="name")

    private String name;

// getters and setters

  // toString()

}

*Notes:*

* @Entity is an indicator to Spring Data JPA that it is an entity class for the application
* @Table helps in defining the mapping database table
* @Id helps is defining the primary key
* @Column helps in defining the mapping table column

**Repository Class - com.cognizant.orm-learn.CountryRepository**

* Create new package com.cognizant.orm-learn.repository
* Create new interface named CountryRepository that extends JpaRepository<Country, String>
* Define @Repository annotation at class level

import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;

import com.cognizant.ormlearn.model.Country;

@Repository

public interface CountryRepository extends JpaRepository<Country, String> {

}

**Service Class - com.cognizant.orm-learn.service.CountryService**

* Create new package com.cognizant.orm-learn.service
* Create new class CountryService
* Include @Service annotation at class level
* Autowire CountryRepository in CountryService
* Include new method getAllCountries() method that returns a list of countries.
* Include @Transactional annotation for this method
* In getAllCountries() method invoke countryRepository.findAll() method and return the result

**Testing in OrmLearnApplication.java**

* Include a static reference to CountryService in OrmLearnApplication class

private static CountryService countryService;

* Define a test method to get all countries from service.

    private static void testGetAllCountries() {

        LOGGER.info("Start");

        List<Country> countries = countryService.getAllCountries();

        LOGGER.debug("countries={}", countries);

        LOGGER.info("End");

    }

* Modify SpringApplication.run() invocation to set the application context and the CountryService reference from the application context.

        ApplicationContext context = SpringApplication.run(OrmLearnApplication.class, args);

        countryService = context.getBean(CountryService.class);

        testGetAllCountries();

* Execute main method to check if data from ormlearn database is retrieved.

Country.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model;

import jakarta.persistence.Column;

import jakarta.persistence.Entity;

import jakarta.persistence.Id;

import jakarta.persistence.Table;

@Entity

@Table(name = "country")

public class Country {

@Id

@Column(name = "co\_code")

private String code;

@Column(name = "co\_name")

private String name;

public String getCode() {

return code;

}

public void setCode(String code) {

this.code = code;

}

public String getName() {

return name;

}

public void setName(String name) {

this.name = name;

}

@Override

public String toString() {

return "Country [code=" + code + ", name=" + name + "]";

}

}

CountryRepository.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.repository;

import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model.Country;

@Repository

public interface CountryRepository extends JpaRepository<Country, String> {

}

CountryService.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.service;

import java.util.List;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model.Country;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.repository.CountryRepository;

@Service

public class CountryService {

    @Autowired

    private CountryRepository countryRepository;

    @Transactional

    public List<Country> getAllCountries() {

        return countryRepository.findAll();

    }

}

OrmLearnApplication.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn;

import org.slf4j.Logger;

import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;

import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;

import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;

import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.service.CountryService;

@SpringBootApplication

public class OrmLearnApplication {

    private static final Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(OrmLearnApplication.class);

    private static CountryService countryService;

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        ApplicationContext context = SpringApplication.run(OrmLearnApplication.class, args);

        LOGGER.info("Inside main");

        countryService = context.getBean(CountryService.class);

        testGetAllCountries();

    }

    private static void testGetAllCountries() {

        LOGGER.info("Start");

        System.out.println("Fetching countries from DB...");

        System.out.println(countryService.getAllCountries());

        LOGGER.info("End");

    }

}

OrmLearnApplicationTests.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn;

import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;

import org.springframework.boot.test.context.SpringBootTest;

@SpringBootTest(classes = OrmLearnApplication.class)

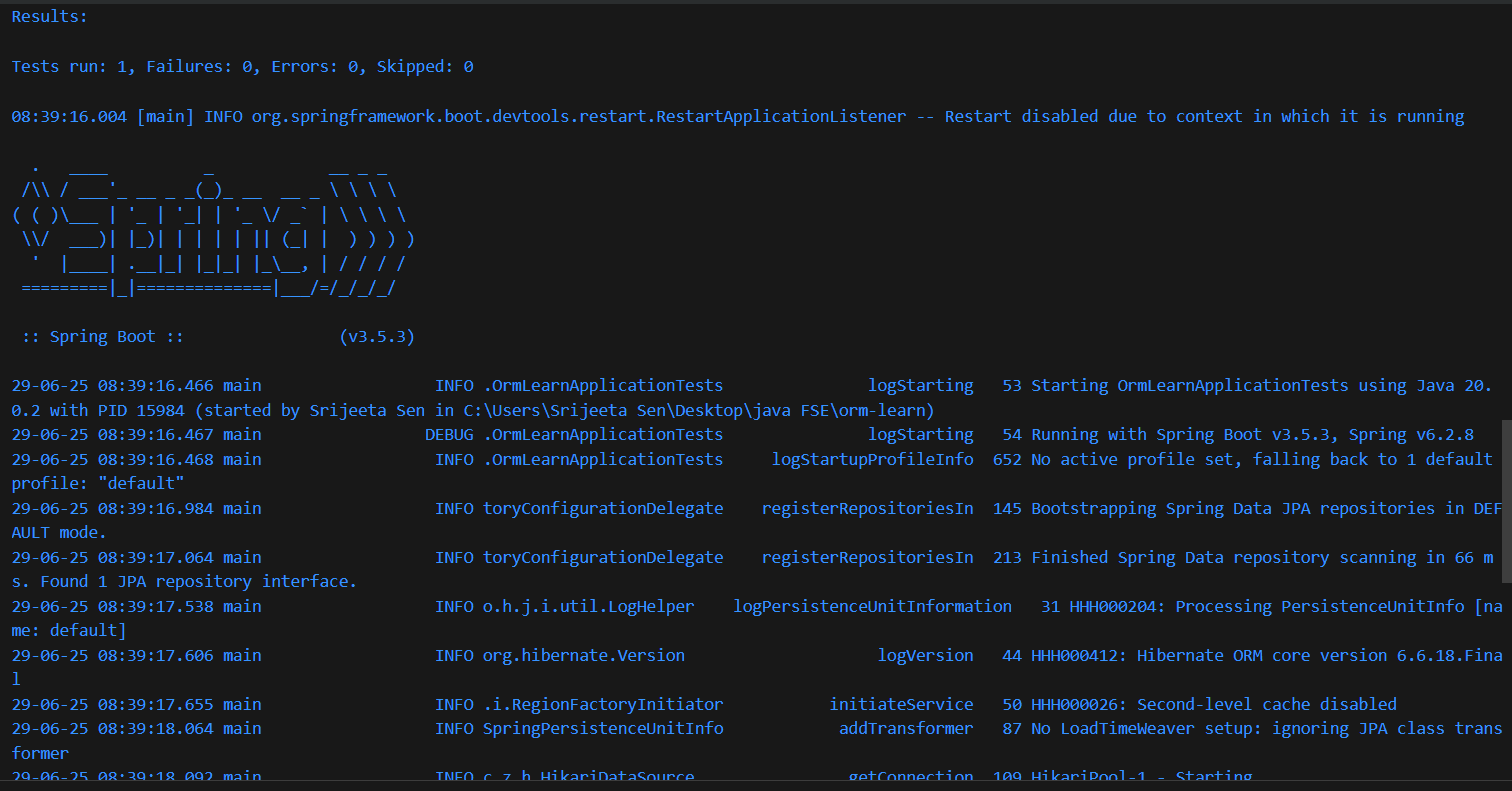
class OrmLearnApplicationTests {

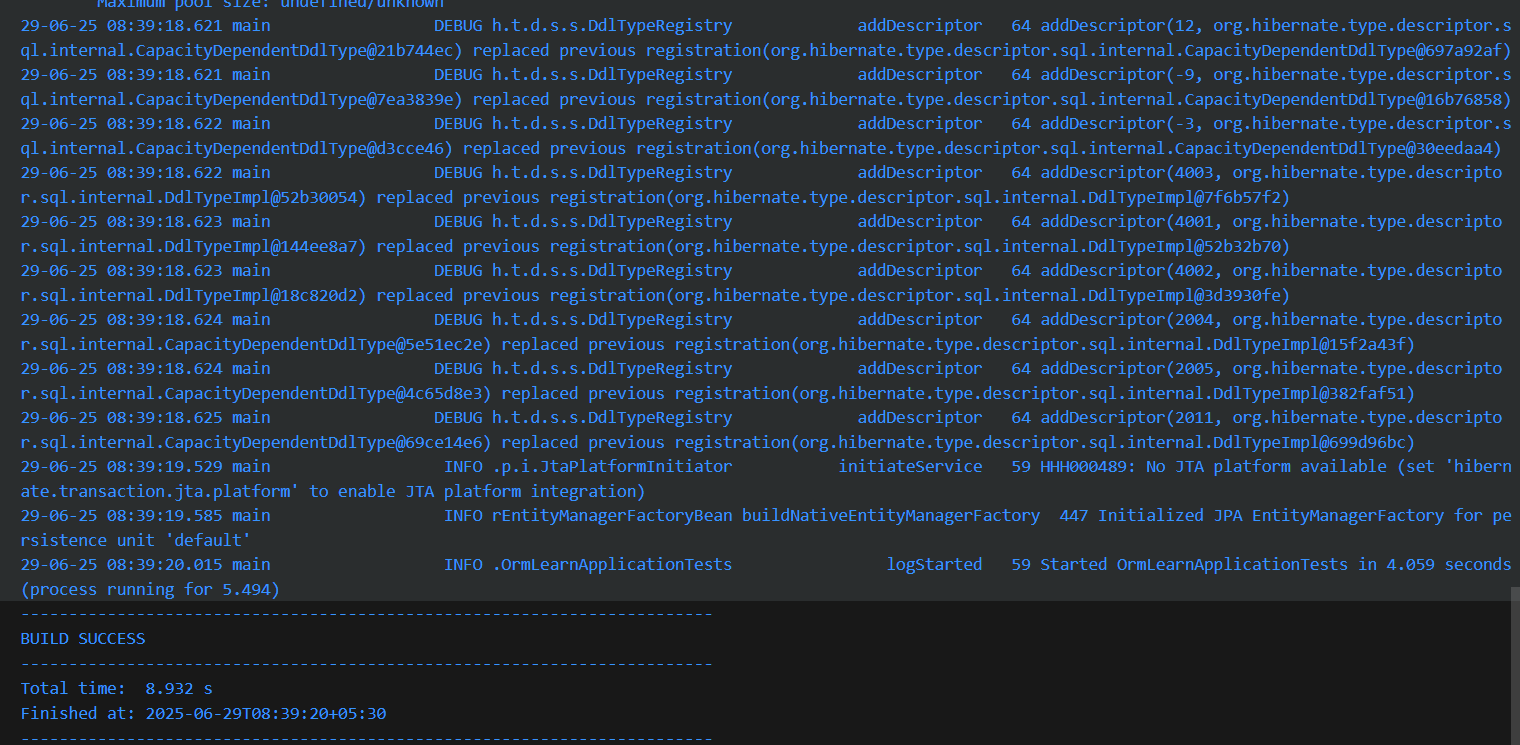
    @Test

    void contextLoads() {}

}

Output





**Hands on 2**

**Hibernate XML Config implementation walk through**   
  
SME to provide explanation on the sample Hibernate implementation available in the link below:  
https://www.tutorialspoint.com/hibernate/hibernate\_examples.htm  
  
Explanation Topics

* Explain how object to relational database mapping done in hibernate xml configuration file

In Hibernate, object-relational mapping (ORM) is achieved by mapping Java class attributes to database table columns using an XML configuration file, typically named ClassName.hbm.xml.

Example: Employee.hbm.xml

<hibernate-mapping>

<class name="Employee" table="EMPLOYEE">

<id name="id" type="int" column="ID">

<generator class="native"/>

</id>

<property name="firstName" column="FIRST\_NAME" type="string"/>

<property name="lastName" column="LAST\_NAME" type="string"/>

<property name="salary" column="SALARY" type="float"/>

</class>

</hibernate-mapping>

<class>: Maps the Java class to a table (Employee → EMPLOYEE).

<id>: Denotes the primary key field.

<property>: Maps individual fields of the class to columns in the database.

* Explain about following aspects of implementing the end to end operations in Hibernate:
  + SessionFactory
  + Session
  + Transaction
  + beginTransaction()
  + commit()
  + rollback()
  + session.save()
  + session.createQuery().list()
  + session.get()
  + session.delete()

1. SessionFactory

A heavyweight, thread-safe object that creates Session objects.

Created once per application and is typically initialized using hibernate.cfg.xml.

SessionFactory factory = new Configuration()

.configure("hibernate.cfg.xml")

.addResource("Employee.hbm.xml")

.buildSessionFactory();

2. Session

Represents a single unit of work or a connection between the application and database.

Used to create, read, and delete operations on entities.

Session session = factory.openSession();

3. Transaction

Manages atomic units of work.

Every data-manipulation operation should be performed inside a transaction.

Transaction tx = session.beginTransaction();

Common Transaction Methods

🔹 beginTransaction()

Begins a new database transaction.

Transaction tx = session.beginTransaction();

🔹 commit()

Finalizes the transaction by saving all changes to the database.

tx.commit();

🔹 rollback()

Reverses the transaction in case of any exceptions or errors.

tx.rollback();

Common Session Methods

🔹 session.save(Object obj)

Saves a new object to the database.

Employee emp = new Employee("John", "Doe", 50000);

session.save(emp);

🔹 session.createQuery("FROM Employee").list()

Fetches a list of entities using HQL (Hibernate Query Language).

List<Employee> employees = session.createQuery("FROM Employee").list();

🔹 session.get(Class, id)

Retrieves an object by primary key. Returns null if not found.

Employee emp = session.get(Employee.class, 1);

🔹 session.delete(Object obj)

Deletes the specified object from the database.

session.delete(emp);

**Hands on 3**

**Hibernate Annotation Config implementation walk through**   
  
SME to provide explanation on the sample Hibernate implementation available in the link below:  
https://www.tutorialspoint.com/hibernate/hibernate\_annotations.htm  
  
Explanation Topics

* Explain how object to relational database mapping done in persistence class file Employee
* Explain about following aspects of implementing the end to end operations in Hibernate:
  + @Entity
  + @Table
  + @Id
  + @GeneratedValue
  + @Column
  + Hibernate Configuration (hibernate.cfg.xml)
    - Dialect
    - Driver
    - Connection URL
    - Username
    - Password

In annotation-based Hibernate, we use Java annotations directly in the entity class (like Employee.java) to map class attributes to database columns, eliminating the need for separate XML mapping files.

Example: Employee.java

import javax.persistence.\*;

@Entity

@Table(name = "EMPLOYEE")

public class Employee {

@Id

@GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)

@Column(name = "ID")

private int id;

@Column(name = "FIRST\_NAME")

private String firstName;

@Column(name = "LAST\_NAME")

private String lastName;

@Column(name = "SALARY")

private int salary;

// Constructors, getters, and setters

}

Explanation of Annotations

* @Entity

Declares the class as an entity bean. Hibernate will treat it as a table-mapped object.

Mandatory annotation for every persistent class.

@Entity

* @Table(name = "EMPLOYEE")

Specifies the database table name to which this entity is mapped.

Optional; if not provided, the table name defaults to the class name.

@Table(name = "EMPLOYEE")

* @Id

Marks the field as the primary key of the table.

Mandatory for entity classes.

@Id

* @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)

Specifies that the value of this field will be automatically generated.

IDENTITY is commonly used with MySQL for auto-increment.

@GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)

* @Column(name = "COLUMN\_NAME")

Maps the class attribute to a specific column in the database table.

Optional if the field name matches the column name.

@Column(name = "SALARY")

Hibernate Configuration (hibernate.cfg.xml)

This file configures the Hibernate framework, including connection properties and class mappings.

Example: hibernate.cfg.xml

<!DOCTYPE hibernate-configuration PUBLIC

"-//Hibernate/Hibernate Configuration DTD 3.0//EN"

"http://hibernate.sourceforge.net/hibernate-configuration-3.0.dtd">

<hibernate-configuration>

<session-factory>

<!-- Database connection settings -->

<property name="hibernate.connection.driver\_class">com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver</property>

<property name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/ormlearn</property>

<property name="hibernate.connection.username">root</property>

<property name="hibernate.connection.password">root</property>

<!-- SQL dialect -->

<property name="hibernate.dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLDialect</property>

<!-- JDBC connection pool (not mandatory) -->

<property name="connection.pool\_size">1</property>

<!-- Enable Hibernate logging -->

<property name="show\_sql">true</property>

<!-- Automatically update the schema -->

<property name="hbm2ddl.auto">update</property>

<!-- Annotated class -->

<mapping class="com.cognizant.orm\_learn.Employee"/>

</session-factory>

</hibernate-configuration>

Explanation of Configuration Tags

* hibernate.dialect

Tells Hibernate the SQL dialect to use for the specific database.

<property name="hibernate.dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLDialect</property>

* hibernate.connection.driver\_class

Specifies the JDBC driver class.

<property name="hibernate.connection.driver\_class">com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver</property>

* hibernate.connection.url

The JDBC URL for your database connection.

<property name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/ormlearn</property>

* hibernate.connection.username and hibernate.connection.password

Credentials to connect to the database.

<property name="hibernate.connection.username">root</property>

<property name="hibernate.connection.password">root</property>

**Hands on 4**

**Difference between JPA, Hibernate and Spring Data JPA**   
  
Java Persistence API (JPA)

* JSR 338 Specification for persisting, reading and managing data from Java objects
* Does not contain concrete implementation of the specification
* Hibernate is one of the implementation of JPA

Hibernate

* ORM Tool that implements JPA

Spring Data JPA

* Does not have JPA implementation, but reduces boiler plate code
* This is another level of abstraction over JPA implementation provider like Hibernate
* Manages transactions

**Refer code snippets below on how the code compares between Hibernate and Spring Data JPA  
Hibernate**

   /\* Method to CREATE an employee in the database \*/

   public Integer addEmployee(Employee employee){

      Session session = factory.openSession();

      Transaction tx = null;

      Integer employeeID = null;

      try {

         tx = session.beginTransaction();

         employeeID = (Integer) session.save(employee);

         tx.commit();

      } catch (HibernateException e) {

         if (tx != null) tx.rollback();

         e.printStackTrace();

      } finally {

         session.close();

      }

      return employeeID;

   }

**Spring Data JPA**  
EmployeeRespository.java

public interface EmployeeRepository extends JpaRepository<Employee, Integer> {

}

EmployeeService.java

@Autowire

  private EmployeeRepository employeeRepository;

@Transactional

public void addEmployee(Employee employee) {

  employeeRepository.save(employee);

  }

​​​​​​​   
  
**Reference Links:**   
<https://dzone.com/articles/what-is-the-difference-between-hibernate-and-sprin-1>   
<https://www.javaworld.com/article/3379043/what-is-jpa-introduction-to-the-java-persistence-api.html>

🔹 Java Persistence API (JPA)

* Definition: JPA is a specification (Java Standard - JSR 338) that defines how Java objects should be mapped to a relational database.
* Key Point: JPA itself is not an implementation, it’s just a set of interfaces and annotations (@Entity, @Id, etc.).
* Use Case: You use JPA to define what needs to be done (e.g., saving an object) but need an implementation like Hibernate to do it.

🔹 Hibernate

* Definition: Hibernate is a popular ORM (Object Relational Mapping) framework and the most commonly used JPA implementation.
* Responsibilities:
  + Implements all JPA specs.
  + Provides additional features (like lazy loading, caching, HQL).
  + Requires boilerplate code for opening sessions, handling transactions manually, etc.
* Use Case: Direct use of Hibernate APIs gives you full control, but requires more effort.

🔹 Spring Data JPA

* Definition: A Spring-based abstraction over JPA and its implementations like Hibernate.
* Key Features:
  + Eliminates boilerplate code via auto-implemented interfaces.
  + Manages transactions, sessions, and exceptions automatically.
  + Provides custom query support using method names (findByNameContaining()).
* Use Case: Simplifies repository access and CRUD operations drastically.

🔸 Code Comparison

Hibernate

public Integer addEmployee(Employee employee) {

Session session = factory.openSession();

Transaction tx = null;

Integer employeeID = null;

try {

tx = session.beginTransaction();

employeeID = (Integer) session.save(employee);

tx.commit();

} catch (HibernateException e) {

if (tx != null) tx.rollback();

e.printStackTrace();

} finally {

session.close();

}

return employeeID;

}

We manually handle:

* Session creation
* Transaction management
* Exception handling
* More verbose and error-prone

Spring Data JPA

public interface EmployeeRepository extends JpaRepository<Employee, Integer> {

// No implementation needed!

}

@Service

public class EmployeeService {

@Autowired

private EmployeeRepository employeeRepository;

@Transactional

public void addEmployee(Employee employee) {

employeeRepository.save(employee);

}

}

No session or transaction handling manually.

* Just call save(), and Spring handles everything.
* Clean, readable, and concise.

**Hands on 5**

**Implement services for managing Country**   
  
An application requires for features to be implemented with regards to country. These features needs to be supported by implementing them as service using Spring Data JPA.

* Find a country based on country code
* Add new country
* Update country
* Delete country
* Find list of countries matching a partial country name

Before starting the implementation of the above features, there are few configuration and data population that needs to be incorporated. Please refer each topic below and implement the same.   
  
**Explanation for Hibernate table creation configuration**

* Moreover the ddl-auto defines how hibernate behaves if a specific table or column is not present in the database.
  + create - drops existing tables data and structure, then creates new tables
  + validate - check if the table and columns exist or not, throws an exception if a matching table or column is not found
  + update - if a table does not exists, it creates a new table; if a column does not exists, it creates a new column
  + create-drop - creates the table, once all operations are completed, the table is dropped

# Hibernate ddl auto (create, create-drop, update, validate)

spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=validate

Populate country table

* Delete all the records in Country table and then use the below script to create the actual list of all countries in our world.

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AF", "Afghanistan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AL", "Albania");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("DZ", "Algeria");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AS", "American Samoa");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AD", "Andorra");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AO", "Angola");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AI", "Anguilla");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AQ", "Antarctica");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AG", "Antigua and Barbuda");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AR", "Argentina");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AM", "Armenia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AW", "Aruba");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AU", "Australia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AT", "Austria");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AZ", "Azerbaijan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BS", "Bahamas");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BH", "Bahrain");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BD", "Bangladesh");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BB", "Barbados");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BY", "Belarus");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BE", "Belgium");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BZ", "Belize");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BJ", "Benin");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BM", "Bermuda");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BT", "Bhutan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BO", "Bolivia, Plurinational State of");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BQ", "Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BA", "Bosnia and Herzegovina");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BW", "Botswana");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BV", "Bouvet Island");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BR", "Brazil");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("IO", "British Indian Ocean Territory");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BN", "Brunei Darussalam");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BG", "Bulgaria");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BF", "Burkina Faso");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BI", "Burundi");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("KH", "Cambodia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CM", "Cameroon");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CA", "Canada");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CV", "Cape Verde");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("KY", "Cayman Islands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CF", "Central African Republic");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TD", "Chad");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CL", "Chile");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CN", "China");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CX", "Christmas Island");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CC", "Cocos (Keeling) Islands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CO", "Colombia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("KM", "Comoros");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CG", "Congo");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CD", "Congo, the Democratic Republic of the");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CK", "Cook Islands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CR", "Costa Rica");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("HR", "Croatia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CU", "Cuba");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CW", "Curaçao");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CY", "Cyprus");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CZ", "Czech Republic");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CI", "Côte d'Ivoire");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("DK", "Denmark");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("DJ", "Djibouti");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("DM", "Dominica");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("DO", "Dominican Republic");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("EC", "Ecuador");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("EG", "Egypt");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SV", "El Salvador");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GQ", "Equatorial Guinea");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("ER", "Eritrea");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("EE", "Estonia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("ET", "Ethiopia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("FK", "Falkland Islands (Malvinas)");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("FO", "Faroe Islands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("FJ", "Fiji");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("FI", "Finland");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("FR", "France");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GF", "French Guiana");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PF", "French Polynesia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TF", "French Southern Territories");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GA", "Gabon");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GM", "Gambia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GE", "Georgia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("DE", "Germany");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GH", "Ghana");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GI", "Gibraltar");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GR", "Greece");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GL", "Greenland");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GD", "Grenada");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GP", "Guadeloupe");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GU", "Guam");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GT", "Guatemala");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GG", "Guernsey");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GN", "Guinea");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GW", "Guinea-Bissau");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GY", "Guyana");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("HT", "Haiti");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("HM", "Heard Island and McDonald Islands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("VA", "Holy See (Vatican City State)");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("HN", "Honduras");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("HK", "Hong Kong");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("HU", "Hungary");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("IS", "Iceland");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("IN", "India");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("ID", "Indonesia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("IR", "Iran, Islamic Republic of");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("IQ", "Iraq");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("IE", "Ireland");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("IM", "Isle of Man");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("IL", "Israel");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("IT", "Italy");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("JM", "Jamaica");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("JP", "Japan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("JE", "Jersey");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("JO", "Jordan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("KZ", "Kazakhstan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("KE", "Kenya");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("KI", "Kiribati");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("KP", "Democratic People's Republic of Korea");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("KR", "Republic of Korea");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("KW", "Kuwait");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("KG", "Kyrgyzstan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("LA", "Lao People's Democratic Republic");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("LV", "Latvia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("LB", "Lebanon");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("LS", "Lesotho");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("LR", "Liberia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("LY", "Libya");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("LI", "Liechtenstein");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("LT", "Lithuania");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("LU", "Luxembourg");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MO", "Macao");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MK", "Macedonia, the Former Yugoslav Republic of");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MG", "Madagascar");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MW", "Malawi");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MY", "Malaysia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MV", "Maldives");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("ML", "Mali");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MT", "Malta");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MH", "Marshall Islands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MQ", "Martinique");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MR", "Mauritania");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MU", "Mauritius");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("YT", "Mayotte");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MX", "Mexico");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("FM", "Micronesia, Federated States of");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MD", "Moldova, Republic of");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MC", "Monaco");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MN", "Mongolia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("ME", "Montenegro");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MS", "Montserrat");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MA", "Morocco");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MZ", "Mozambique");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MM", "Myanmar");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NA", "Namibia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NR", "Nauru");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NP", "Nepal");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NL", "Netherlands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NC", "New Caledonia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NZ", "New Zealand");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NI", "Nicaragua");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NE", "Niger");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NG", "Nigeria");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NU", "Niue");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NF", "Norfolk Island");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MP", "Northern Mariana Islands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("NO", "Norway");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("OM", "Oman");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PK", "Pakistan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PW", "Palau");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PS", "Palestine, State of");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PA", "Panama");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PG", "Papua New Guinea");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PY", "Paraguay");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PE", "Peru");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PH", "Philippines");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PN", "Pitcairn");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PL", "Poland");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PT", "Portugal");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PR", "Puerto Rico");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("QA", "Qatar");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("RO", "Romania");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("RU", "Russian Federation");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("RW", "Rwanda");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("RE", "Réunion");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("BL", "Saint Barthélemy");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SH", "Saint Helena, Ascension and Tristan da Cunha");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("KN", "Saint Kitts and Nevis");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("LC", "Saint Lucia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("MF", "Saint Martin (French part)");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("PM", "Saint Pierre and Miquelon");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("VC", "Saint Vincent and the Grenadines");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("WS", "Samoa");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SM", "San Marino");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("ST", "Sao Tome and Principe");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SA", "Saudi Arabia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SN", "Senegal");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("RS", "Serbia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SC", "Seychelles");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SL", "Sierra Leone");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SG", "Singapore");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SX", "Sint Maarten (Dutch part)");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SK", "Slovakia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SI", "Slovenia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SB", "Solomon Islands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SO", "Somalia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("ZA", "South Africa");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GS", "South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SS", "South Sudan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("ES", "Spain");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("LK", "Sri Lanka");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SD", "Sudan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SR", "Suriname");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SJ", "Svalbard and Jan Mayen");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SZ", "Swaziland");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SE", "Sweden");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("CH", "Switzerland");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("SY", "Syrian Arab Republic");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TW", "Taiwan, Province of China");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TJ", "Tajikistan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TZ", "Tanzania, United Republic of");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TH", "Thailand");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TL", "Timor-Leste");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TG", "Togo");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TK", "Tokelau");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TO", "Tonga");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TT", "Trinidad and Tobago");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TN", "Tunisia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TR", "Turkey");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TM", "Turkmenistan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TC", "Turks and Caicos Islands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("TV", "Tuvalu");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("UG", "Uganda");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("UA", "Ukraine");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AE", "United Arab Emirates");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("GB", "United Kingdom");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("US", "United States");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("UM", "United States Minor Outlying Islands");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("UY", "Uruguay");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("UZ", "Uzbekistan");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("VU", "Vanuatu");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("VE", "Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("VN", "Viet Nam");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("VG", "Virgin Islands, British");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("VI", "Virgin Islands, U.S.");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("WF", "Wallis and Futuna");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("EH", "Western Sahara");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("YE", "Yemen");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("ZM", "Zambia");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("ZW", "Zimbabwe");

insert into country (co\_code, co\_name) values ("AX", "Åland Islands");

Refer subsequent hands on exercises to implement the features related to country.

Country.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model;

import jakarta.persistence.Column;

import jakarta.persistence.Entity;

import jakarta.persistence.Id;

import jakarta.persistence.Table;

@Entity

@Table(name = "country")

public class Country {

@Id

@Column(name = "co\_code")

private String code;

@Column(name = "co\_name")

private String name;

public String getCode() {

return code;

}

public void setCode(String code) {

this.code = code;

}

public String getName() {

return name;

}

public void setName(String name) {

this.name = name;

}

@Override

public String toString() {

return "Country [code=" + code + ", name=" + name + "]";

}

}

CountryRepository.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.repository;

import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model.Country;

@Repository

public interface CountryRepository extends JpaRepository<Country, String> {

}

CountryService.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.service;

import java.util.List;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model.Country;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.repository.CountryRepository;

@Service

public class CountryService {

    @Autowired

    private CountryRepository countryRepository;

    @Transactional

    public List<Country> getAllCountries() {

        return countryRepository.findAll();

    }

}

OrmLearnApplication.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn;

import org.slf4j.Logger;

import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;

import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;

import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;

import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.service.CountryService;

@SpringBootApplication

public class OrmLearnApplication {

    private static final Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(OrmLearnApplication.class);

    private static CountryService countryService;

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        ApplicationContext context = SpringApplication.run(OrmLearnApplication.class, args);

        LOGGER.info("Inside main");

        countryService = context.getBean(CountryService.class);

        testGetAllCountries();

    }

    private static void testGetAllCountries() {

        LOGGER.info("Start");

        System.out.println("Fetching countries from DB...");

        System.out.println(countryService.getAllCountries());

        LOGGER.info("End");

    }

}

OrmLearnApplicationTests.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn;

import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;

import org.springframework.boot.test.context.SpringBootTest;

@SpringBootTest(classes = OrmLearnApplication.class)

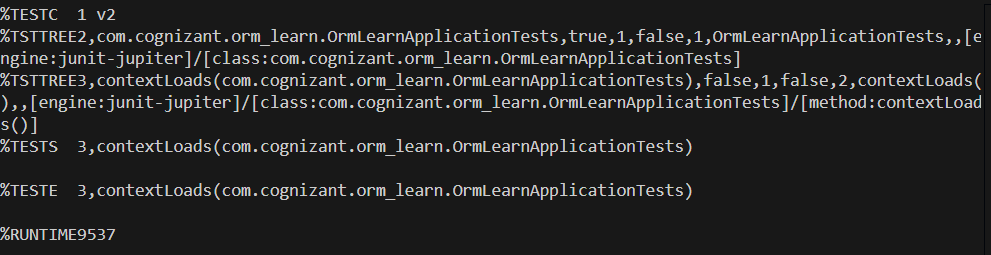
class OrmLearnApplicationTests {

    @Test

    void contextLoads() {}

}

Output



**Hands on 6**

**Find a country based on country code** 

* Create new exception class CountryNotFoundException in com.cognizant.spring-learn.service.exception
* Create new method findCountryByCode() in CountryService with @Transactional annotation
* In findCountryByCode() method, perform the following steps:
  + Method signature

@Transactional

public Country findCountryByCode(String countryCode) throws CountryNotFoundException

* Get the country based on findById() built in method

Optional<Country> result = countryRepository.findById(countryCode);

* From the result, check if a country is found. If not found, throw CountryNotFoundException

if (!result.isPresent())

* Use get() method to return the country fetched.

Country country = result.get();

* Include new test method in OrmLearnApplication to find a country based on country code and compare the country name to check if it is valid.

    private static void getAllCountriesTest() {

        LOGGER.info("Start");

        Country country = countryService.findCountryByCode("IN");

  LOGGER.debug("Country:{}", country);

        LOGGER.info("End");

    }

* Invoke the above method in main() method and test it.

**NOTE:** SME to explain the importance of @Transactional annotation. Spring takes care of creating the Hibernate session and manages the transactionality when executing the service method.

Country.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model;

import jakarta.persistence.Column;

import jakarta.persistence.Entity;

import jakarta.persistence.Id;

import jakarta.persistence.Table;

@Entity

@Table(name = "country")

public class Country {

@Id

@Column(name = "co\_code")

private String code;

@Column(name = "co\_name")

private String name;

public String getCode() {

return code;

}

public void setCode(String code) {

this.code = code;

}

public String getName() {

return name;

}

public void setName(String name) {

this.name = name;

}

@Override

public String toString() {

return "Country [code=" + code + ", name=" + name + "]";

}

}

CountryRepository.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.repository;

import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model.Country;

@Repository

public interface CountryRepository extends JpaRepository<Country, String> {

}

CountryService.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.service;

import java.util.List;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model.Country;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.repository.CountryRepository;

@Service

public class CountryService {

    @Autowired

    private CountryRepository countryRepository;

    @Transactional

    public List<Country> getAllCountries() {

        return countryRepository.findAll();

    }

}

OrmLearnApplication.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn;

import org.slf4j.Logger;

import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;

import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;

import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;

import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.service.CountryService;

@SpringBootApplication

public class OrmLearnApplication {

    private static final Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(OrmLearnApplication.class);

    private static CountryService countryService;

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        ApplicationContext context = SpringApplication.run(OrmLearnApplication.class, args);

        LOGGER.info("Inside main");

        countryService = context.getBean(CountryService.class);

        testGetAllCountries();

    }

    private static void testGetAllCountries() {

        LOGGER.info("Start");

        System.out.println("Fetching countries from DB...");

        System.out.println(countryService.getAllCountries());

        LOGGER.info("End");

    }

}

OrmLearnApplicationTests.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn;

import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;

import org.springframework.boot.test.context.SpringBootTest;

@SpringBootTest(classes = OrmLearnApplication.class)

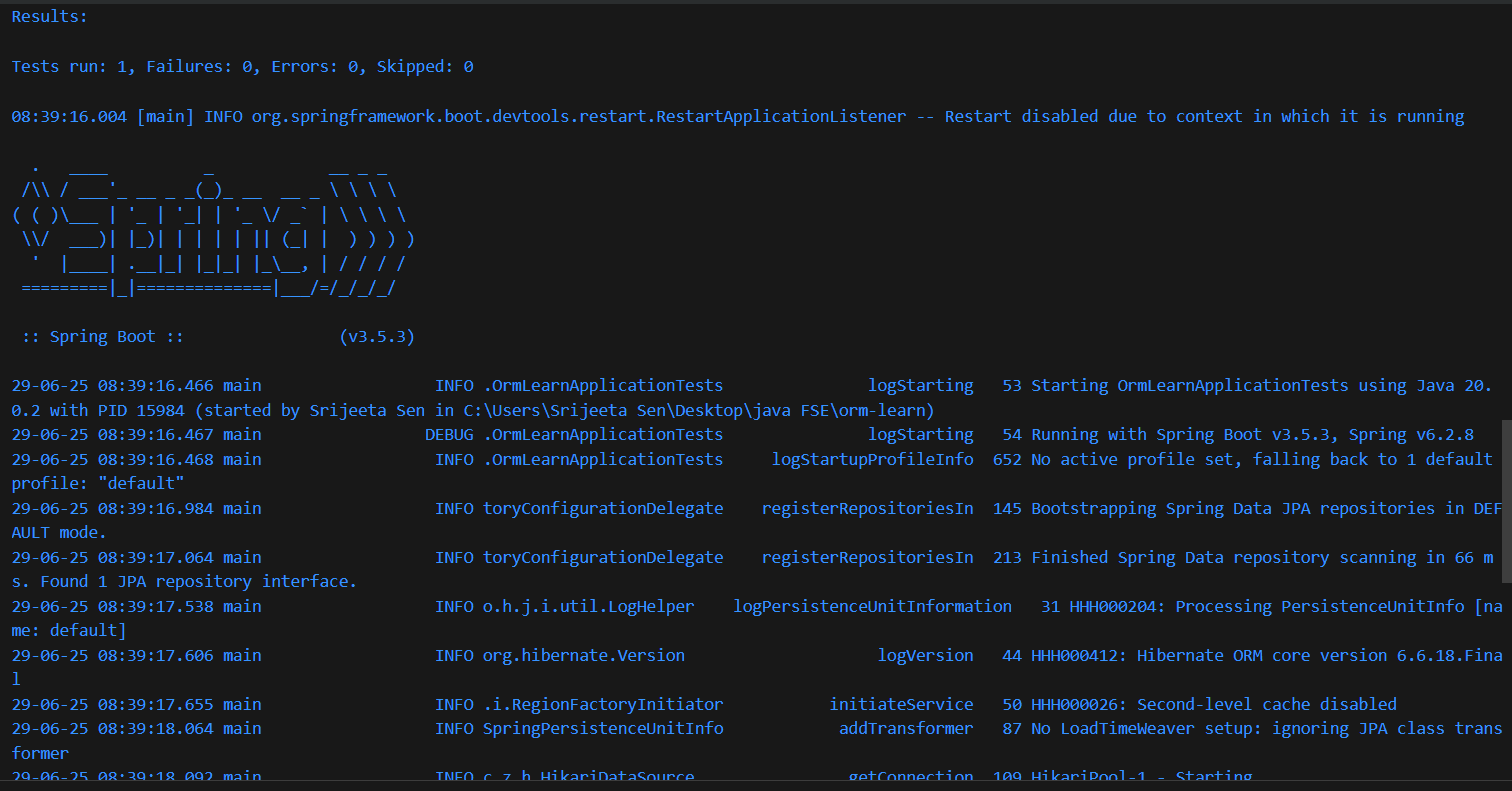
class OrmLearnApplicationTests {

    @Test

    void contextLoads() {}

}

Output



**Hands on 7**

**Add a new country** 

* Create new method in CountryService.

@Transactional

public void addCountry(Country country)

* Invoke save() method of repository to get the country added.

countryRepository.save(country)

* Include new testAddCountry() method in OrmLearnApplication. Perform steps below:
  + Create new instance of country with a new code and name
  + Call countryService.addCountry() passing the country created in the previous step.
  + Invoke countryService.findCountryByCode() passing the same code used when adding a new country
  + Check in the database if the country is added

Country.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model;

import jakarta.persistence.Column;

import jakarta.persistence.Entity;

import jakarta.persistence.Id;

import jakarta.persistence.Table;

@Entity

@Table(name = "country")

public class Country {

@Id

@Column(name = "co\_code")

private String code;

@Column(name = "co\_name")

private String name;

public String getCode() {

return code;

}

public void setCode(String code) {

this.code = code;

}

public String getName() {

return name;

}

public void setName(String name) {

this.name = name;

}

@Override

public String toString() {

return "Country [code=" + code + ", name=" + name + "]";

}

}

CountryRepository.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.repository;

import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model.Country;

@Repository

public interface CountryRepository extends JpaRepository<Country, String> {

}

CountryService.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.service;

import java.util.List;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model.Country;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.repository.CountryRepository;

@Service

public class CountryService {

@Autowired

private CountryRepository countryRepository;

@Transactional

public List<Country> getAllCountries() {

return countryRepository.findAll();

}

}

OrmLearnApplication.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn;

import org.slf4j.Logger;

import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;

import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;

import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;

import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.service.CountryService;

@SpringBootApplication

public class OrmLearnApplication {

private static final Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(OrmLearnApplication.class);

private static CountryService countryService;

public static void main(String[] args) {

ApplicationContext context = SpringApplication.run(OrmLearnApplication.class, args);

LOGGER.info("Inside main");

countryService = context.getBean(CountryService.class);

testGetAllCountries();

}

private static void testGetAllCountries() {

LOGGER.info("Start");

System.out.println("Fetching countries from DB...");

System.out.println(countryService.getAllCountries());

LOGGER.info("End");

}

}

OrmLearnApplicationTests.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn;

import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;

import org.springframework.boot.test.context.SpringBootTest;

@SpringBootTest(classes = OrmLearnApplication.class)

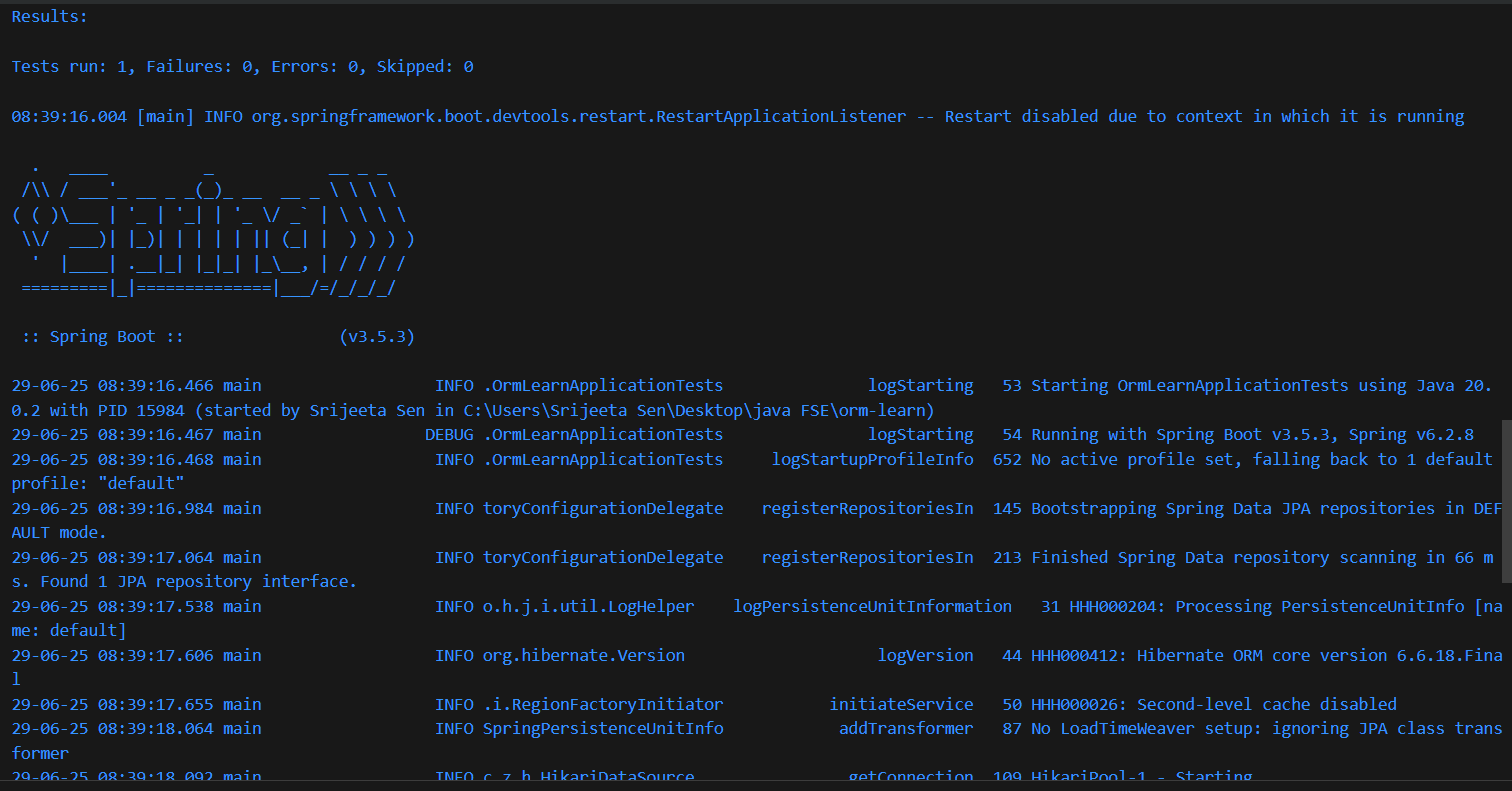
class OrmLearnApplicationTests {

@Test

void contextLoads() {}

}

Output



**Hands on 8**

**Update a country based on code** 

* Create a new method updateCountry() in CountryService with parameters code and name. Annotate this method with @Transactional. Implement following steps in this method.
  + Get the reference of the country using findById() method in repository
  + In the country reference obtained, update the name of country using setter method
  + Call countryRepository.save() method to update the name
* Include new test method in OrmLearnApplication, which invokes updateCountry() method in CountryService passing a country's code and different name for the country.
* Check in database table if name is modified.

Country.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model;

import jakarta.persistence.Column;

import jakarta.persistence.Entity;

import jakarta.persistence.Id;

import jakarta.persistence.Table;

@Entity

@Table(name = "country")

public class Country {

@Id

@Column(name = "co\_code")

private String code;

@Column(name = "co\_name")

private String name;

public String getCode() {

return code;

}

public void setCode(String code) {

this.code = code;

}

public String getName() {

return name;

}

public void setName(String name) {

this.name = name;

}

@Override

public String toString() {

return "Country [code=" + code + ", name=" + name + "]";

}

}

CountryRepository.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.repository;

import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model.Country;

@Repository

public interface CountryRepository extends JpaRepository<Country, String> {

}

CountryService.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn.service;

import java.util.List;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.model.Country;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.repository.CountryRepository;

@Service

public class CountryService {

@Autowired

private CountryRepository countryRepository;

@Transactional

public List<Country> getAllCountries() {

return countryRepository.findAll();

}

}

OrmLearnApplication.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn;

import org.slf4j.Logger;

import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;

import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;

import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;

import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;

import com.cognizant.orm\_learn.service.CountryService;

@SpringBootApplication

public class OrmLearnApplication {

private static final Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(OrmLearnApplication.class);

private static CountryService countryService;

public static void main(String[] args) {

ApplicationContext context = SpringApplication.run(OrmLearnApplication.class, args);

LOGGER.info("Inside main");

countryService = context.getBean(CountryService.class);

testGetAllCountries();

}

private static void testGetAllCountries() {

LOGGER.info("Start");

System.out.println("Fetching countries from DB...");

System.out.println(countryService.getAllCountries());

LOGGER.info("End");

}

}

OrmLearnApplicationTests.java

package com.cognizant.orm\_learn;

import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;

import org.springframework.boot.test.context.SpringBootTest;

@SpringBootTest(classes = OrmLearnApplication.class)

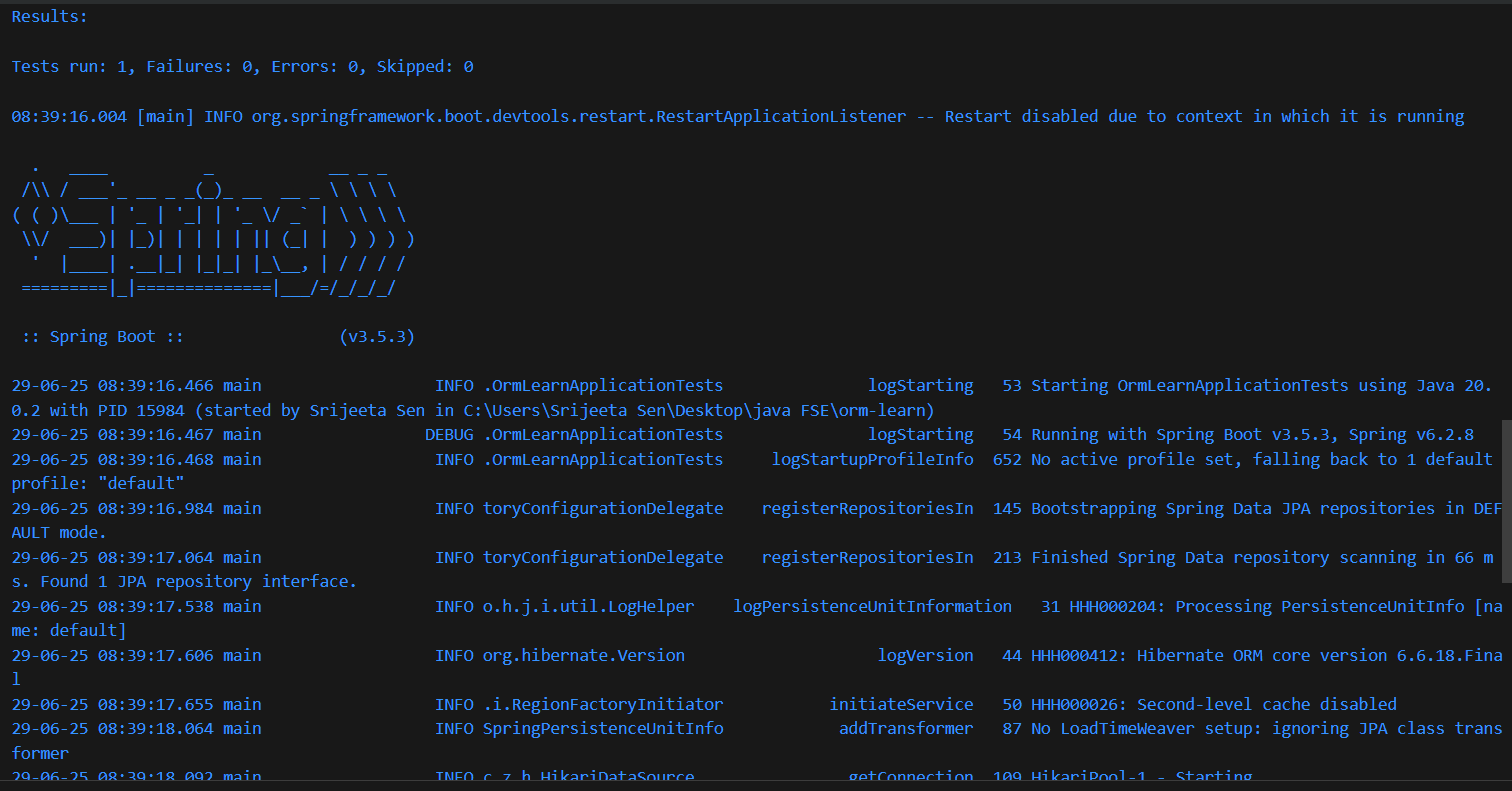
class OrmLearnApplicationTests {

@Test

void contextLoads() {}

}

Output



**Hands on 9**

**Delete a country based on code** 

* Create new method deleteCountry() in CountryService. Annotate this method with @Transactional.
* In deleteCountry() method call deleteById() method of repository.
* Include new test method in OrmLearnApplication with following steps
  + Call the delete method based on the country code during the add country hands on
* Check in database if the country is deleted